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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/021,843	12/13/2001	Raj Bridgelall	1182	3827
29906 75	590 05/17/2006		EXAMINER	
INGRASSIA FISHER & LORENZ, P.C. 7150 E. CAMELBACK, STE. 325			LE, UYEN CHAU N	
SCOTTSDALE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2876	
DATE MAILED: 05/17/2006				6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			n'r
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/021,843	BRIDGELALL, RAJ	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Uyen-Chau N. Le	2876	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING [- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 136(a). In no event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25.	<u>April 2006</u> .		!
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow			ŝ
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.E). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 14-19</u> is/are pending in the	application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 14-19</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	or alaction requirement		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	•		
Applicant may not request that any objection to th			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre			d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attache	a Office Action of form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prapplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a line	nts have been received. nts have been received in a iority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Requesting Continued Examination (RCE)

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the Requesting Continued Examination (RCE) field 04/25/2006.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9 and 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schultz et al (US 5,280,159) in view of McAllister et al (US 6517000 B1).

Re claims 1-9 and 14-19: Schultz et al discloses an RF tag reader 10, which serves as a RFID extension for a mobile computer 30 lacking RFID functionality, comprising a battery 15 (fig. 5; col. 2, lines 64+); circuitry coupled to the battery 15 for providing the RFID functionality (col. 2, line 68 through col. 3, line 13); a first modular attachment interface 24 selectively coupling to a second modular attachment interface 24 of the mobile computer 30 to

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the circuitry/reader 10 such that the mobile computer 30 has access to the RFID functionality provided by the circuitry/reader 10 when coupled to the modular mobile computer 30 is attachment interface 24 (fig. 10; col. 3, lines 14-48 and col. 4, lines 3-16); barcode scanner 40 coupled to the second modular attachment interface 44 such that the mobile computer 30 has access to data encoded in a barcode symbol scanned by the barcode scanner 40 when the mobile computer 30 is coupled to the modular interface 44 (fig. col. 3, lines 14-48 and col. 4, lines 3-16); wherein the circuitry for providing the RFID functionality further comprises an electromagnetic transceiver (col. 3, lines 1-14 and lines 35-40); wherein the circuitry for providing the RFID functionality further comprises a RFID tag air interface decoder (i.e., encoded data from transponder 21 received by an antenna 18 via an air interface) (col. 3, line 42-48); a wired network; an access point for transmitting transmission data from the wired network to the mobile computer 30 via a wireless medium and receiving reception data from the mobile computer 30 to the wired network via the wireless medium and also transmission that includes forming a area space association to the access point is possible by the mobile computer 30 (i.e., the received data can be stored at the mobile computer 30, processed and transmitted wirelessly via antenna 33 to any desired access points) (col. 3, lines 45-48).

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Schultz et al is silent with respect to the circuit including at least one of an electromagnetic transceiver and a RFID air interface decoder.

McAllister et al teaches an RFID system typically employs at least two components, a "transponder" or "tag," which is attached to the physical item to be identified, and a reader," which sends an electromagnetic signal to the transponder and then detects a response (i.e., via an electromagnetic transceiver). Typically, the reader emits a RF signal, which is received by the transponder, after the transponder comes within an appropriate range. In response, the transponder then sends its information via a modulated RF signal back to the reader. The reader detects this modulated signal, and can identify the transponder by decoding the modulated signal (i.e., via a decoder which serves as an air decoder). After identifying the transponder, the reader can either store the decoded information or transmit the decoded signal to a computer (col. 2, lines 14-46).

It would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate electromagnetic transceiver and a RFID air interface decoder of McAllister et al into the system of Schultz et al in order to provide Schultz et al with the ability to decode the received signal

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instantaneously within the tag reader, which can provide a real-time reading result system.

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Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 04/25/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 5. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).
- 6. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., an electromagnetic receiver and a RFID air interface decoder within a RFID extension) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uyen-Chau N. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-2397. The examiner can normally be reached on maxi-flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on 571-272-2398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Uyen-Chau N. Le Primary Examiner Art Unit 2876